



A new tool for beef performance recording in Italy



Mauro Fioretti R&D Office A.I.A. Associazione Italiana Allevatori





Reliable performance recording on beef cattle is required for selection and extension services

Accurate recording of animal performances is the basis for

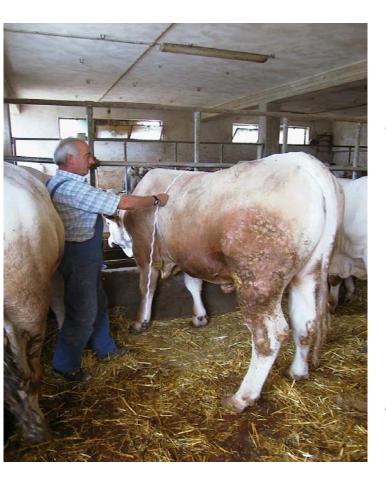
- estimation of the genetic merit of animals for economic and/or relevant productive traits like growth, fertility etc.
- Farmer's evaluation of his management (producing animals with the best possible conformation, as efficiently as possible)



Body live weight is a key recorded trait in beef production

- It is normally determined using a scale
- Especially in extensive beef cattle
 management systems, live weight is difficult
 to be recorded directly, either because scales
 are available only in some farms or mobile
 scales are difficult to transport and install.
- To overcome these difficulties an alternative way of estimating body weight has been investigated in Italy, focusing on the high correlation between circumference of chest and body weight (usually greater than 0.90).





- Chest circumference of animals, taken by a measuring tape, may be indeed used as a proxy trait for growth traits in beef performance recording
- particularly, live weight can be estimated from chest circumference using a transformation formula that includes both the age of the animal, and its chest circumference.
- Transformation formulas are specific for animal's breed and sex.



- To be correctly measured by tape, however, animals need to be immobilized
- This step is time consuming and often a source of stress on the animal (and on operator too..), especially in extensive system, where animals are minimally handled and thus not used to be close to human operators.
- Immobilizing animals is not sufficient to create a safety environment and guarantee full operator's security during the chest measurement by tape.





- To overcome these problems AIA considered the idea of a device that would not require to be close to the animal when making a performance recording
- The idea was developed in a device that could precisely estimate the chest girth of the animal thus allowing a live weight estimation.



The developed device :

- is simple and user-friendly
- is based on a standard digital camera, connected to a netbook and equipped with two laser beamers.
- It is now sufficient to take a series of 3-5 raw images of an animal (on which the two points generated by laser could be identified) to estimate *a highly reliable chest girth* using a high performing proprietary algorithm.
- Automatic progress from image processing to chest circumference estimation
- No operator work is required except identifying the animal and take pictures



Technical highlights



The developed solution implements a new method for interpreting information collected from the cameras, through the projection of a laser pattern, for the estimation of chest circumference.

The system integrates

- a GPS for geographical location
- a laser beamer
- a digital camera
- a computerized control unit (connected to all devices)



Developing constraints

- Measures on "free" (not tied) animals
 - Maximizing operator's safeness
 - Minimize animal's stress
- Measures in real time, minimizing recording times
- Measure accuracy
- Ergonomic device
 - Shock resistant
 - Waterproof
 - User friendly



Developed solution

Use of a digital camera

- No contact with animals
- Distance is not a problem











- Wire or Wireless data transmission
- Advanced image processing algorithms



- User friendly system
- Very intelligible vocal synthesis





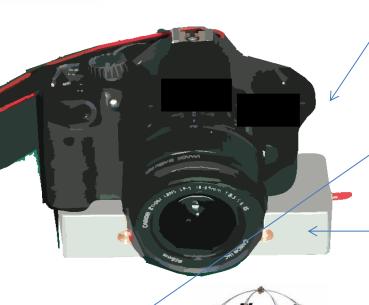
Unmodifiable proofs

- Watermarked images with
 - Hour
 - Date
 - GPS location



Components





- Common digital camera with standard lens
 - To take images of the animal
- Earphone
- Laser beam projector
 - Two parallel laser beams
 - Aligned with camera optics
 - Safe for animals
 - Constant distance between them regardless distance
- GPS Device





Netbook & dedicated software

How it works – The operator's side



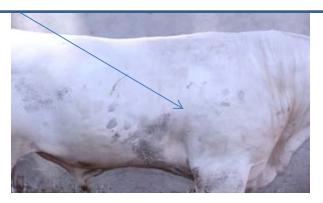
- 1. An animal in paddock/pasture/box is chosen to be measured
- 2. The animal is identified:
 - ✓ Animals ID are preloaded in the netbook
 - √The system speaks in the earphone pronounciating each preloaded ID
 - ✓ When the right ID is pronounced, the operators stops the list and the system gets ready for image taking and processing for the chosen animal

SYSTEM READY



How it works - The operator's side

3. The operator points the laser beams on the part of the animal on which he would measure with the tape





4. A synthetic voice from the system ask to the operator (earphone) to take a picture

5. The operator takes some front and side pictures



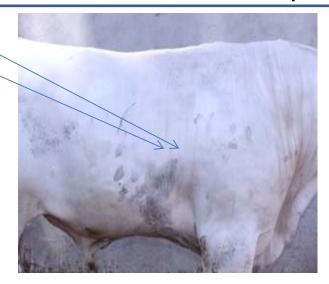
How it works – The operator's side

6. The operator is informed in real time (synthetic voice by earphone) when no more images are required from the software

7. The operator waits for the device to be ready for another animal, then identifies another animal to start again......etc



1. Laser beams are projected on animal's surface; two laser points are visible on animal's body



- 2. Laser points are detected by digital camera's system
- 3. Digital camera focuses on the animal part in which laser points are



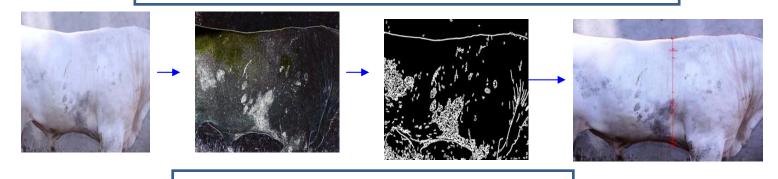


4. A synthetic voice from the system ask to the operator (earphone) to take a picture

5. Images are taken and transferred to software



6. Processing side..



and **front** images

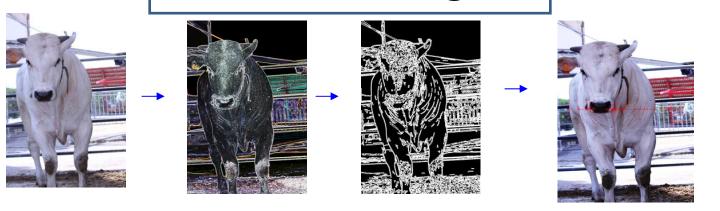
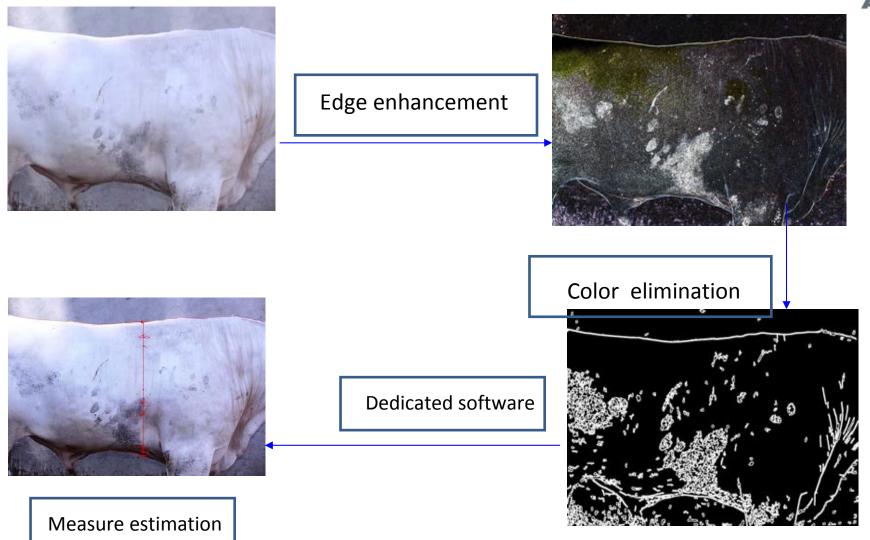


Image processing

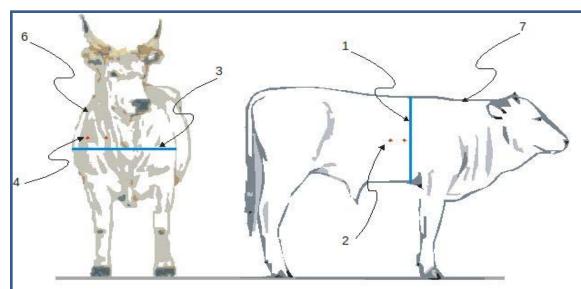




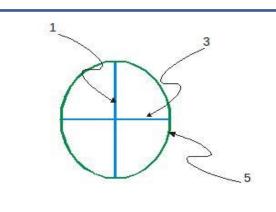
ALL THESE OPERATIONS ARE AUTOMATICALLY PERFORMED BY THE SOFTWARE => NO HUMAN ERROR, HIGH REPEATABILITY OF MEASURE



Reconstruction of chest circumference



Front (3) and side (1) measures are the axis of an ellipse



The ellipse circumference is the estimation of chest circumference



Every time a new picture is taken, the software automatically estimates a new measure for the side/front axis and a new chest girth is estimated.

The variation coefficient of the n^{th} respect to $(n-1)^{th}$ chest girth estimated measure is calculated

When a convergence criterion is met, then there is no need of new digital images => system **tells** to the operator (earphone) to stop taking pictures



7. Pictures are stored in the computer and watermaked with GPS location, animal ID, date and time

Estimated measures are stored too

All data can be then sent to a central database

System gets ready for another animal



Results

 Basing on fields experience in different environmental conditions, the difference between chest girth measured with tape and estimated with the developed device is very low



REVIX.			chest		tape -	tape -	tape -
\-I-A-			girth by		estim ated	estim ated	e stim ate d
		Tape	opto-		chest	chest girth	chest girth
		c h e s t	in form atic		girth (%	(% on tape)	(% on tape)
AnimalID	Breed	girth	device	Farm	on tape)	<0	>0
88	Marchigiana	<mark>194.0</mark>	197.0	Anabic	1.55%		1.55%
89	Marchigiana	<mark>195.0</mark>	193.8	Anabic	-0.62%	-0.62%	
90	Marchigiana	<mark>193.5</mark>	191.2	Anabic	-1.19%	-1.19%	
91	Marchigiana	<mark>191.5</mark>	192.9	Anabic	0.73%		0.73%
9 4	Chianina	200.5	202.6	Anabic	1.05%		1.05%
97	Chianina	204.5	204.8	Anabic	0.15%		0.15%
98	Chianina	202.0	202.5	Anabic	0.25%		0.25%
104	Chianina	<mark>196.0</mark>	195.4	Anabic	-0.31%	-0.31%	
106	Chianina	<mark>203.0</mark>	202.0	Anabic	-0.49%	-0.49%	
109	Chianina	<mark>191.0</mark>	190.8	Anabic	-0.10%	-0.10%	
7997	Chianina	<mark>192.0</mark>	190.9	CRA	-0.57%	-0.57%	
8002	Chianina	170.0	171.9	CRA	1.12%		1.12%
4651	Chianina	<mark>177.0</mark>	178.0	CRA	0.56%		0.56%
8028	Chianina	172.0	173.2	CRA	0.70%		0.70%
4669	Piemontese	<mark>175.0</mark>	173.0	CRA	-1.14%	-1.14%	
7970	Piemontese	<mark>164.0</mark>	163.9	CRA	-0.06%	-0.06%	
8082	Piemontese	<mark>160.0</mark>	155.1	CRA	-3.06%	-3.06%	
4643	Maremmana	<mark>187.0</mark>	186.2	CRA	-0.43%	-0.43%	
7968	Maremmana	<mark>185.0</mark>	182.7	CRA	-1.24%	-1.24%	
8015	Maremmana	172.0	171.9	CRA	-0.06%	-0.06%	

Estim ated

Mean	-0.16%	-0.77%	0.76%
St.			
Dev.	1.04%	0.84%	0.46%
Min.	-3.06%	-3.06%	0.15%
Max.	1.55%	-0.06%	1.55%

Difference Difference

Difference



Use of measured chest circumference

Estimated chest circumference (expressed in cm) are transformed in live weight (kg) basing on algorithms working by

- Breed
- Sex
- Animal age at testfollowing ICAR's guidelines



Advantages

- Handy and ergonomic device
- Accessible price
- Few and simple rules to be followed
- Maximum operator safety
- Fast recording
- Uneditable and georeferenced images
- Creation of a multimedia database available for further researchs and developments (biometric measures, etc)



The device is patented by A.I.A.







For (next) future

- Software down-sizing
 - Linux
 - Android (smartphone : digital camera, image processing, data transmission)

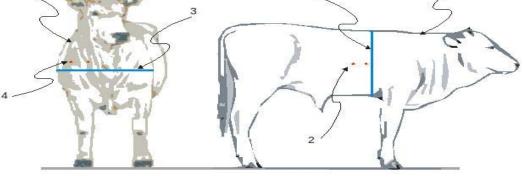


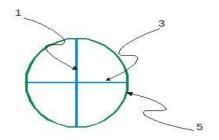






Thank you





ICAR 2012 meeting, May 30th, 2012, Cork, Ireland



